1. A capsule for sustained release of a combination of acetaminophen of from 100 mg to 1 2 1,000 mg and tramadol or its salts of from 15 mg to 150 mg comprising: 3 4 1) An immediate release portion comprising 25% - 75% of the total effective amount 5 of drugs in the form selected from pellets, beads, granules and mini-tablets. 6 2) A sustained release portion comprising: a. 25% - 75% of the total effective amount of drugs in the form selected from 7 8 pellets, beads, granules and mini-tablets; 9 b. 6% - 50% of gelling polymers of the total formulation, and said the 10 sustained release portion may or may not comprise an enteric coating at a 11 level of 5% - 40% of the total formulation. 12 13 2. A capsule, as set forth in Claim 1, releases 25% - 60% of the total drug in the first hour 14 in a simulated gastric fluid dissolution media, 50% - 90% of the total drug in the first four 15 hours and not less than 80% of the total drug in the first 12 hours in a simulated intestinal 16 fluid dissolution media using USP dissolution method II at 50 rpm. 17 18 3. A capsule, as set forth in Claim 1, comprises at least one gelling polymer selected 19 from hydroxy propyl methylcellulose, hydroxypropyl ethylcellulose, hydroxypropyl 20 cellulose, hydroxy ethylcellulose, methylcellulose, xantham gums, alginate salts, 21 polyethylene oxide, carboxyvinyl polymer, or a salt of a carboxymethyl cellulose, said 22 gelling polymer having a viscosity within the range of from about 60 to about 7,000,000 23 centipoises, and preferably from about 100 to about 100,000 centipoises, in a 2% by weight water solution at 25°C, as measured by a Brookfield LV viscometer. 24 25 26 4. The pellets, beads, granules and mini-tablets in the capsule, as set forth in Claim 1, 27 may or may not be coated with enteric polymers selected from polyacrylate material, 28 cellulose acetate phthalate, cellulose phthalate hydroxy propyl methyl ether, polyvinyl 29 acetate phthalate, hydroxy propyl methyl cellulose acetate succinate, cellulose acetate 30 trimellitate, or a shellac.

1 2 5. A tablet for sustained release of a combination of acetaminophen of from 100 mg to 3 1,000 mg and tramadol or its salt of from 15 mg to 150 mg comprising: 4 5 1) A sustained release portion comprising: 6 a. 25% - 75% of the total effective amount of drugs; 7 b. 6% - 50% of gelling polymers of the total formulation, and said the 8 sustained release portion may or may not comprise an enteric coating at a 9 level of 5% - 40% of the total formulation; 2) An immediate release portion comprising 25% - 75% of the total effective amount 10 11 of drugs, layered or compressed on the sustained release portion. 12 13 6. A tablet, as set forth in Claim 5, releases 25% - 60% of the total drug in the first hour 14 in a simulated gastric fluid dissolution media, 50% - 90% of the total drug in the first four 15 hours and not less than 80% of the total drug in the first 12 hours in a simulated intestinal 16 fluid dissolution media using USP dissolution method II at 50 rpm. 17 18 7. A tablet, as set forth in Claim 5, comprises at least one gelling polymer selected from 19 hydroxy propyl methylcellulose, hydroxypropyl ethylcellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, 20 hydroxy ethylcellulose, methylcellulose, xantham gums, alginate salts, polyethylene 21 oxide, carboxyvinyl polymer, or a salt of a carboxymethyl cellulose, said gelling polymer 22 having a viscosity within the range of from about 60 to about 7,000,000 centipoises, and 23 preferably from about 100 to about 100,000 centipoises, in a 2% by weight water solution 24 at 25°C, as measured by a Brookfield LV viscometer. 25 26 8. The sustained release portion, as set forth in Claim 5, may or may not be coated with 27 enteric polymers selected from polyacrylate material, cellulose acetate phthalate, 28 cellulose phthalate hydroxy propyl methyl ether, polyvinyl acetate phthalate, hydroxy 29 propyl methyl cellulose acetate succinate, cellulose acetate trimellitate, or a shellac.

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1	9. A sustained release dosage form comprising:
2	
3	1) A sustained release portion comprising:
4	a. 25% - 75% of the total effective amount of drugs;
5	b. 6% - 50% of gelling polymers of the total formulation, and said the
6	sustained release portion may or may not comprise an enteric coating at a
7	level of 5% - 40% of the total formulation;
8	2) An immediate release portion comprising 25% - 75% of the total effective
9	amount of drugs, layered or compressed on the sustained release portion.
10	
11	10. A sustained release dosage form, as set forth in Claim 9, releases 25% - 60% of the
12	total drug in the first hour in a simulated gastric fluid dissolution media, 50% - 90% of
13	the total drug in the first four hours and not less than 80% of the total drug in the first 12
14	hours in a simulated intestinal fluid dissolution media using USP dissolution method II at
15	50 rpm.
16	
17	11. A sustained release dosage form, as set forth in Claim 9, comprises at least one
18	gelling polymer selected from hydroxy propyl methylcellulose, hydroxypropyl
19	ethylcellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxy ethylcellulose, methylcellulose,
20	xantham gums, alginate salts, polyethylene oxide, carboxyvinyl polymer, or a salt of a
21	carboxymethyl cellulose, said gelling polymer having a viscosity within the range of
22	from about 60 to about 7,000,000 centipoises, and preferably from about 100 to about
23	100,000 centipoises, in a 2% by weight water solution at 25°C, as measured by a
24	Brookfield LV viscometer.
25	
26	12. The sustained release portion, as set forth in Claim 9, may or may not be coated with
27	enteric polymers selected from polyacrylate material, cellulose acetate phthalate,
28	cellulose phthalate hydroxy propyl methyl ether, polyvinyl acetate phthalate, hydroxy
29	propyl methyl cellulose acetate succipate, cellulose acetate trimellitate, or a shellac.